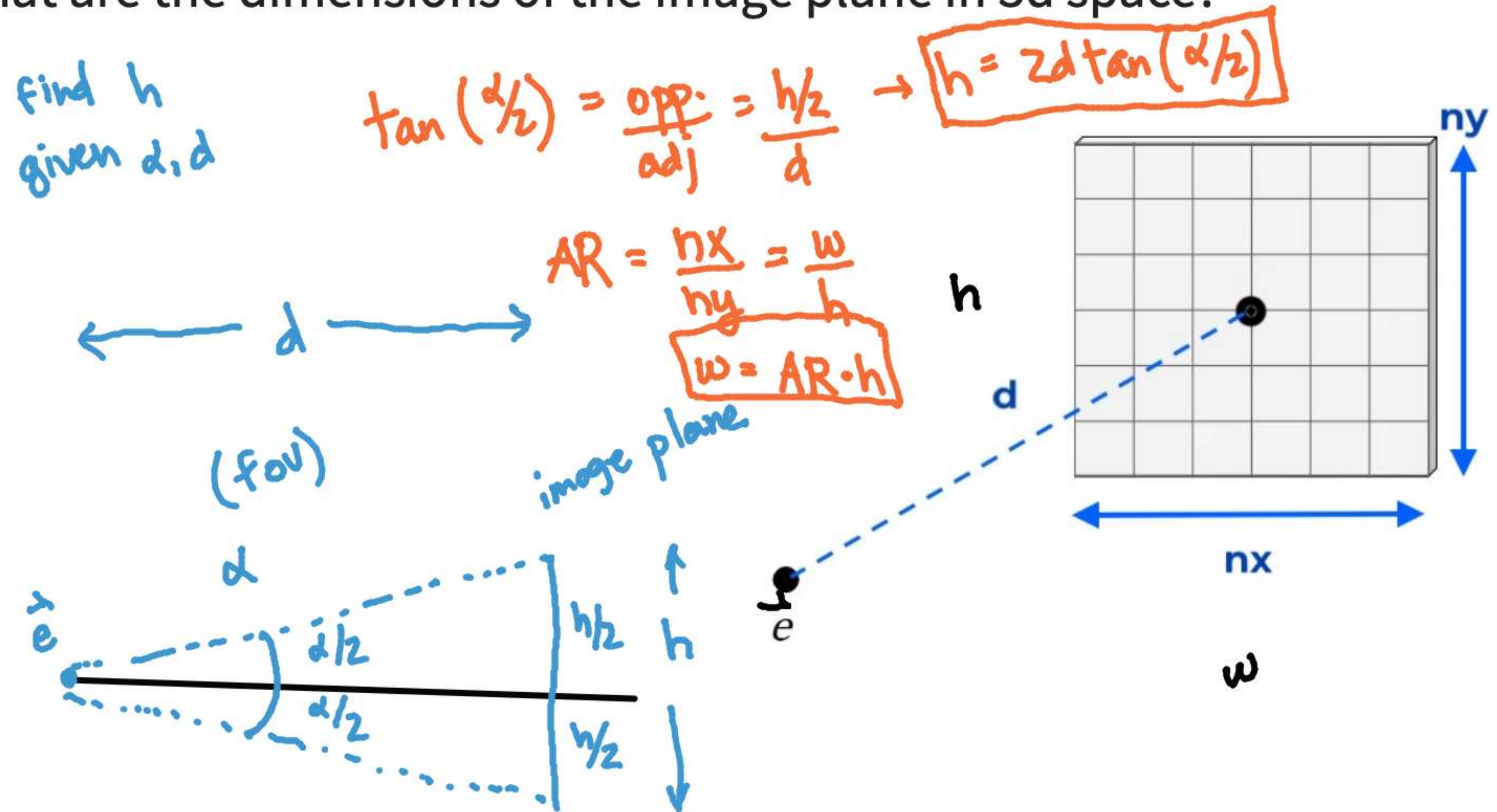
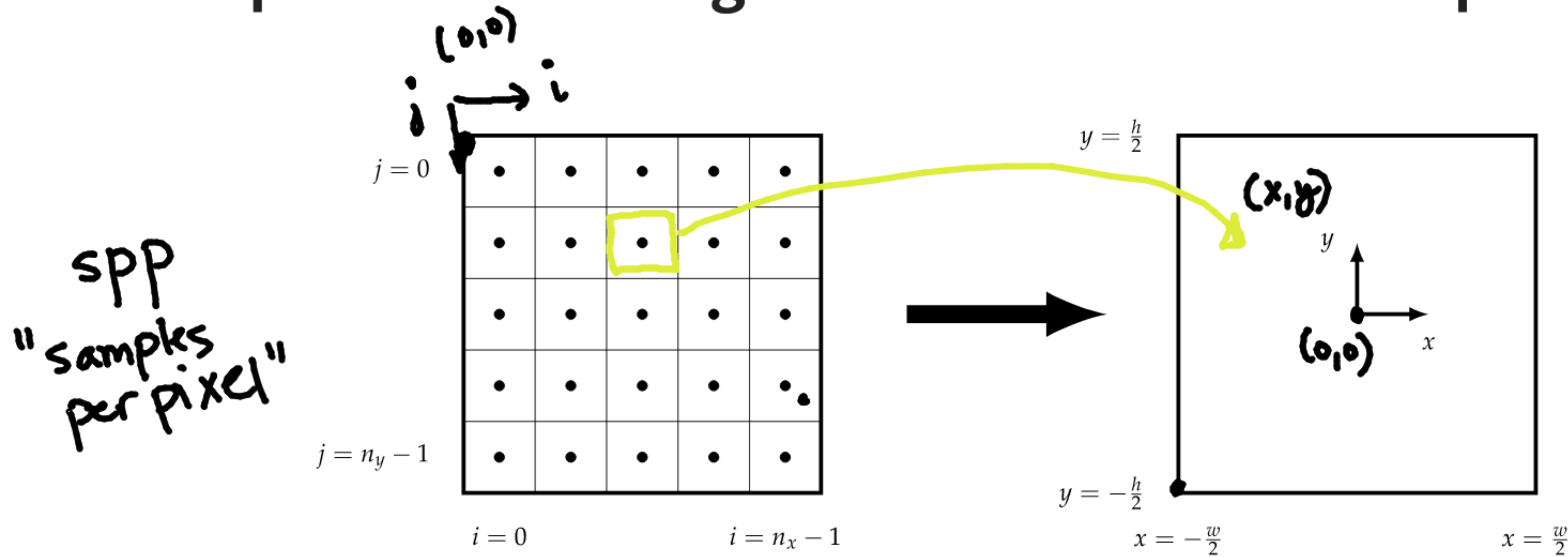


Step 1: setting up a camera and image plane.

What are the dimensions of the image plane in 3d space?



Step 2a: Calculating the 3d coordinates of a pixel.



$$x = -\frac{w}{2} + \frac{w}{n_x} (i + 0.5)$$

$$y = -\frac{h}{2} + \frac{h}{n_y} (n_y - 0.5 - j)$$

Calculating the intersection of a ray with a sphere.

$$At^2 + 2tB + C = 0$$

quadratic eq'n.

$$A=1 \text{ (assume } \|\vec{r}\|=1)$$

$$t = -B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - C}$$

what happens $B^2 - C < 0$?

no intersection!

$= 0$? one intersection

always normalize \vec{r}
(ray direction).

> 0 two intersections

$$A = \|\vec{r}\|^2$$

$$B = \vec{r} \cdot (\vec{e} - \vec{c})$$

$$C = \|\vec{e} - \vec{c}\|^2 - R^2$$

